Canadian Public Health Association

Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2015

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of Canadian Public Health Association

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Canadian Public Health Association, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2015, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Canadian Public Health Association as at December 31, 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

BOCanada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Ottawa, Ontario May 5, 2016

Canadian Public Health Association Statement of Financial Position

December 31	2015	201
Assets		
Current Cash Guaranteed investment certificates Accounts receivable Inventory (Note 2) Prepaid expenses	\$ 705,097 200,739 96,883 27,740 37,755	200,987 199,330 41,465 43,404
Investments (Note 3)	1,068,214 341,753	714,420 536,032
Tangible capital assets (Note 4)		
	\$1,409,967	\$ 1,250,452
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenues (Note 5)	\$ 111,036 808,146	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 223,650 269,064 492,714
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	808,146	269,064
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenues (Note 5) Contractual obligations (Note 6)	808,146	269,064 492,714 425,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenues (Note 5) Contractual obligations (Note 6) Net Assets Internally restricted for contingencies and extraordinary services	808,146 919,182 425,000	269,064

Hollman Director

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Director

	Statement of Changes in Net Assets				t Assets
For the year ended December 31	ι	Inrestricted	Internally restricted	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of the year	\$	332,738 \$	425,000 \$	757,738 \$	612,572
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	-	(266,953)		(266,953)	145,166
Balance, end of the year	\$	65,785 \$	425,000 \$	490,785 \$	757,738

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Canadian Public Health Association Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Canadian Public Health Association Statement of Operations

For the year ended December 31	2015			2014	
Revenues	6	4 420 045	ċ	2 0 44 446	
Projects and Conferences National Office (Note 7)	\$	1,639,015 380,887	Ş	2,041,416 762,303	
Journal		166,845		149,971	
Publication sales		78,888		80,176	
Investment income		15,594	_	18,690	
		2,281,229	_	3,052,556	
Expenses					
Projects and Conferences		1,639,015		2,041,416	
National Office		685,878		665,115	
Journal		153,808		138,537	
Publication	-	69,481		62,322	
	_	2,548,182		2,907,390	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	\$	(266,953)	\$	145,166	

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Canadian Public Health Association Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31		2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses Changes in non-cash working capital:	\$	(266,953) \$	145,166
Accounts receivable Inventory Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenues	_	102,447 13,725 5,649 (112,614) 539,082	(122,169) (6,143) 22,479 87,757 (353,910)
Cash flows from investing activities		281,336	(226,820)
Proceeds from disposal of investments	-	194,527	281,312
Net increase in cash		475,863	54,492
Cash, beginning of the year	_	229,234	174,742
Cash, end of the year	\$	705,097 \$	229,234

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December 31, 2015

1. Accounting Policies

Purpose of Organization The Canadian Public Health Association ("Association") was incorporated without share capital by an Act of Parliament on April 1, 1912 to represent public health in Canada with links to the international public health community. The Association's members believe in universal and equitable access to the basic conditions which are necessary to achieve health for all Canadians. The Association's mission is to enhance the health of people in Canada and to contribute to a healthier and more equitable world.

The Association is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act and, as such, is exempt from income taxes and may issue income tax receipts to donors.

Basis of Accounting The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Revenue Recognition Revenues from projects and national office revenues are recognized based on the funding bodies' reporting requirements which are generally related directly to project expenses. Funds received from the funding bodies are recorded as deferred revenue until the revenue is recognized. The disbursement of project revenue is generally subject to audit by the funding body. Based on experience the Association believes costs ultimately disallowed, if any, would be immaterial to the financial statements. Adjustments to prior years' contributions are recorded in the year in which the funding body requests the adjustment.

Revenues from conferences are deferred and recognized in the year that the conference takes place.

Investment income is recognized when earned.

Publication sales are recognized once the title of goods has passed.

Revenues received from Journal subscriptions, memberships and advertising are recorded as deferred revenue and are recognized over the term of the subscription, membership or advertising period.

December 31, 2015

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1. Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Instruments	<u>Initial and subsequent measurement</u> The Association initially measures its financial assets a at fair value. The Association subsequently mea financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost, investments which it chose to measure at fair value fair value of these financial instruments are recognist statement of operations in the year incurred.	sures all its , except for . Changes in
	Financial instruments measured at amortized cost a guaranteed investment certificates, accounts rec accounts payable and accrued liabilities.	
	<u>Impairment</u> Financial assets measured at amortized cost are impairment when there are indicators of impairment.	e tested for
	<u>Transaction costs</u> Transaction costs related to financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value are recogn statement of operations in the year incurred. Tran related to financial instruments subsequently m amortized cost are included in the original cost of liability and recognized in the statement of operations	ized in the saction costs neasured at the asset or
Inventory	Inventory, which is comprised of publications, is valower of cost and net realized value. Cost is dete weighted average basis.	
Tangible Capital Assets	Tangible capital assets are stated at cost less amortization. Amortization is provided on the basis o lives using the straight-line method and following perio	f their useful
	Computer equipment Equipment Computer software	2 years 5 years 2 to 3 years
Contributed Services	Volunteers contribute numerous hours per year to Association in carrying out its service delivery activiti of the difficulty of determining their fair value, services are not recognized in the financial statements	ies. Because contributed

December 31, 2015

2.	inventory	_	 2015	 20	14
	Publications	\$	27,740	\$ 41,46	5

The total amount of inventory recognized as an expense during the year was 20,716 (2014 - 19,162) and is included in the publication expense.

3. Investments

	 2015	2014
Government bonds Mutual funds - investment savings	\$ 204,495 137,258	\$ 204,495 331,537
	\$ 341,753	\$ 536,032

4. Tangible Capital Assets

			 2015	 	 2014
		Cost	ccumulated mortization	Cost	 ccumulated mortization
Computer equipment Equipment Computer software	\$	18,676 194,615 48,513	\$ 18,676 194,615 48,513	\$ 18,676 194,615 48,513	\$ 18,676 194,615 48,513
	\$	261,804	\$ 261,804	\$ 261,804	\$ 261,804
Net book value	12		\$ 3		\$ -

2015

2014

December 31, 2015

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5. Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues represent revenues received from various private and government sources as well as journal subscriptions and memberships. The breakdown is as follows:

	2015 2014
Deferred revenues - projects and conferences Balance, beginning of year Plus: amounts received Less: amounts recognized as revenues in the year	<pre>\$ 165,579 \$ 509,366 2,183,859 1,697,629 (1,639,015) (2,041,416)</pre>
Balance, end of year	710,423 165,579
Deferred revenues - other Journal subscriptions Memberships	67,146 72,399 30,577 31,086
Total deferred revenue	\$ 808,146 \$ 269,064

6. Contractual Obligations

The Association entered into a lease agreement for its premises that expires in January 2018. The Association is subject to maintenance and realty tax apportionments in addition to the base rent payments. The future annual base rent payments, excluding maintenance and realty tax apportionments, are:

2016	\$ 50,468
2017	50,468
2018	 4,205
	\$ 105,141

The Association has commitments under various equipment leases with expiry dates between April 2016 and November 2020. The minimum payments under these leases are as follows:

2016	\$	17,787
2017	•	17,429
2018		13,533
2019		8,079
2020		7,406
	\$	64,234

December 31, 2015

7. National Office Revenues

National Office revenues include contributions of \$119,501 (2014 - \$477,903) from ongoing and completed projects and conferences.

8. Financial Instruments

Credit risk

The Association is exposed to credit risk for its accounts receivable. The Association provides credit to its members in the normal course of its operations.

Interest rate risk

Fixed rate instruments subject the Association to a fair value risk. The Association is exposed to this risk for its investments in bonds. The risk associated with investments is reduced to a minimum since these assets are invested in Guaranteed investment certificates and in government bonds.

Other price risk

The Association is exposed to other price risk through its investments in mutual funds.